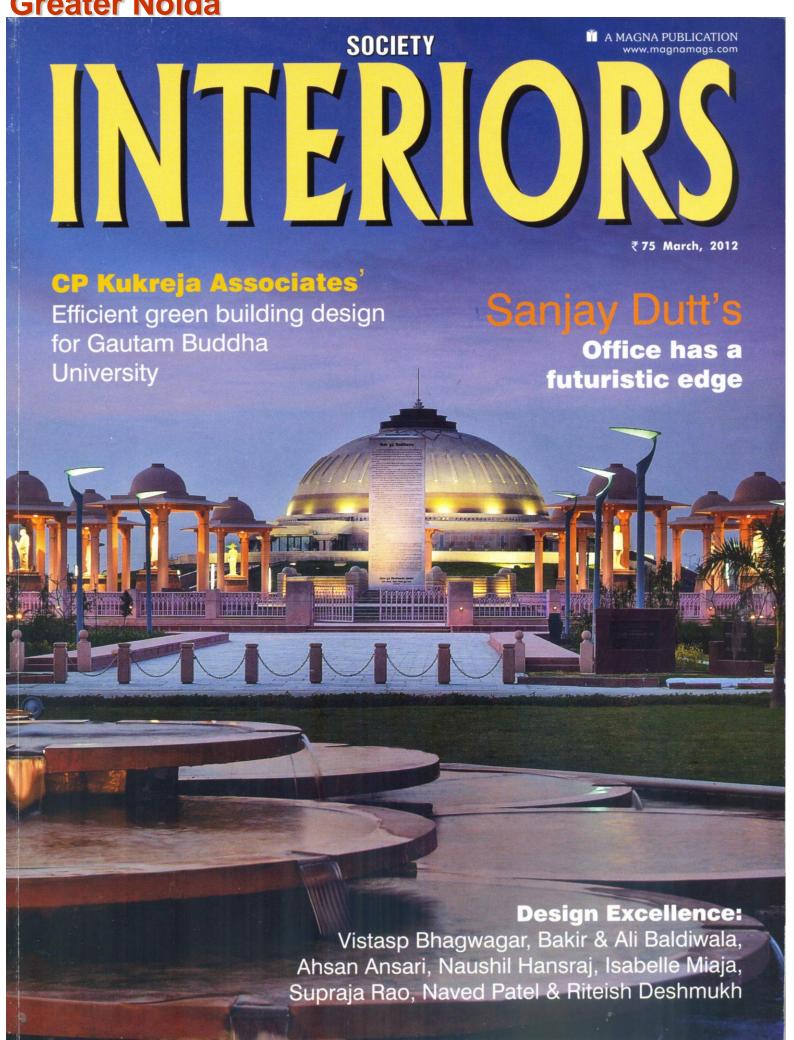
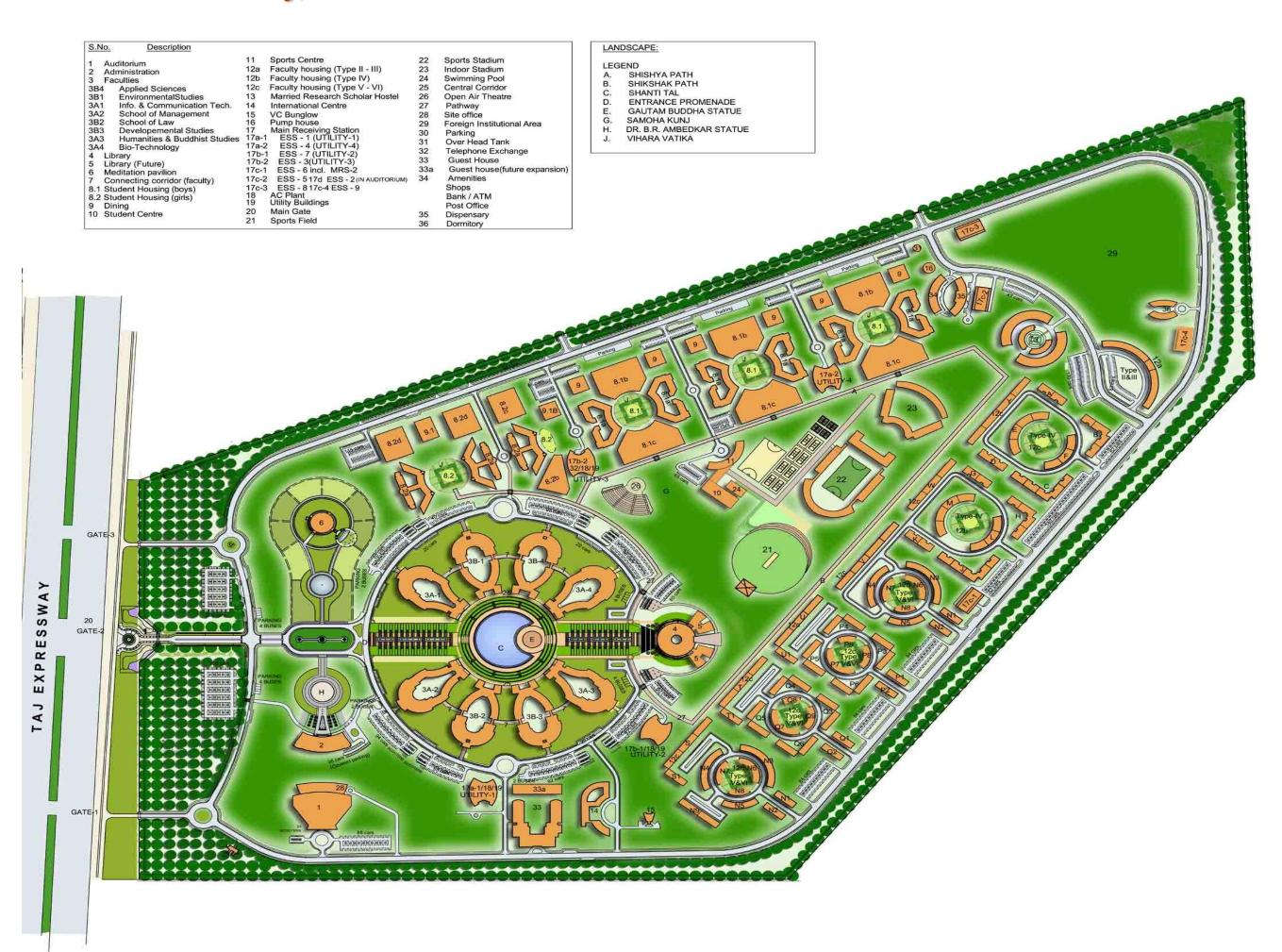
NOT GREEN. NOT BLUE.

sensible campus planning



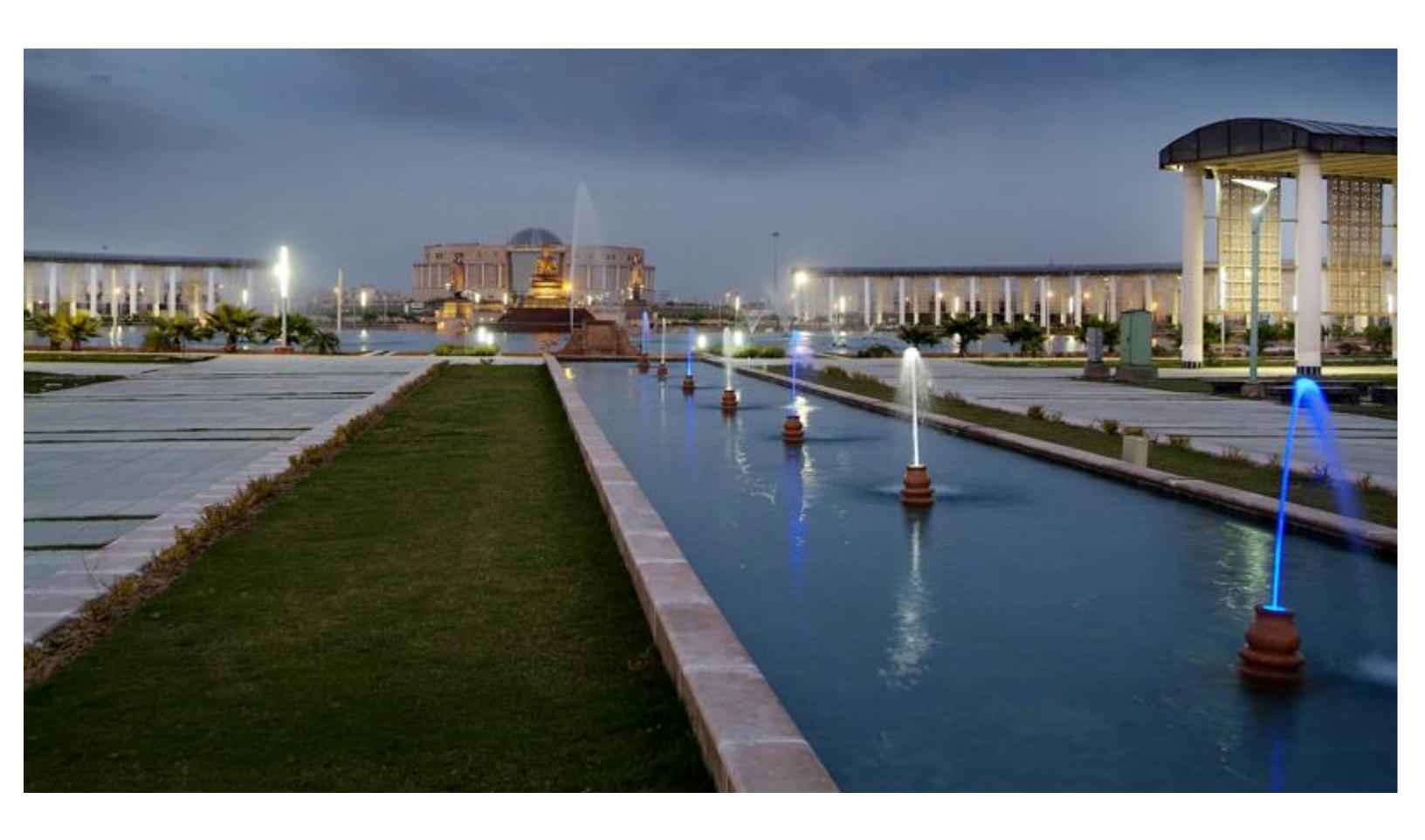




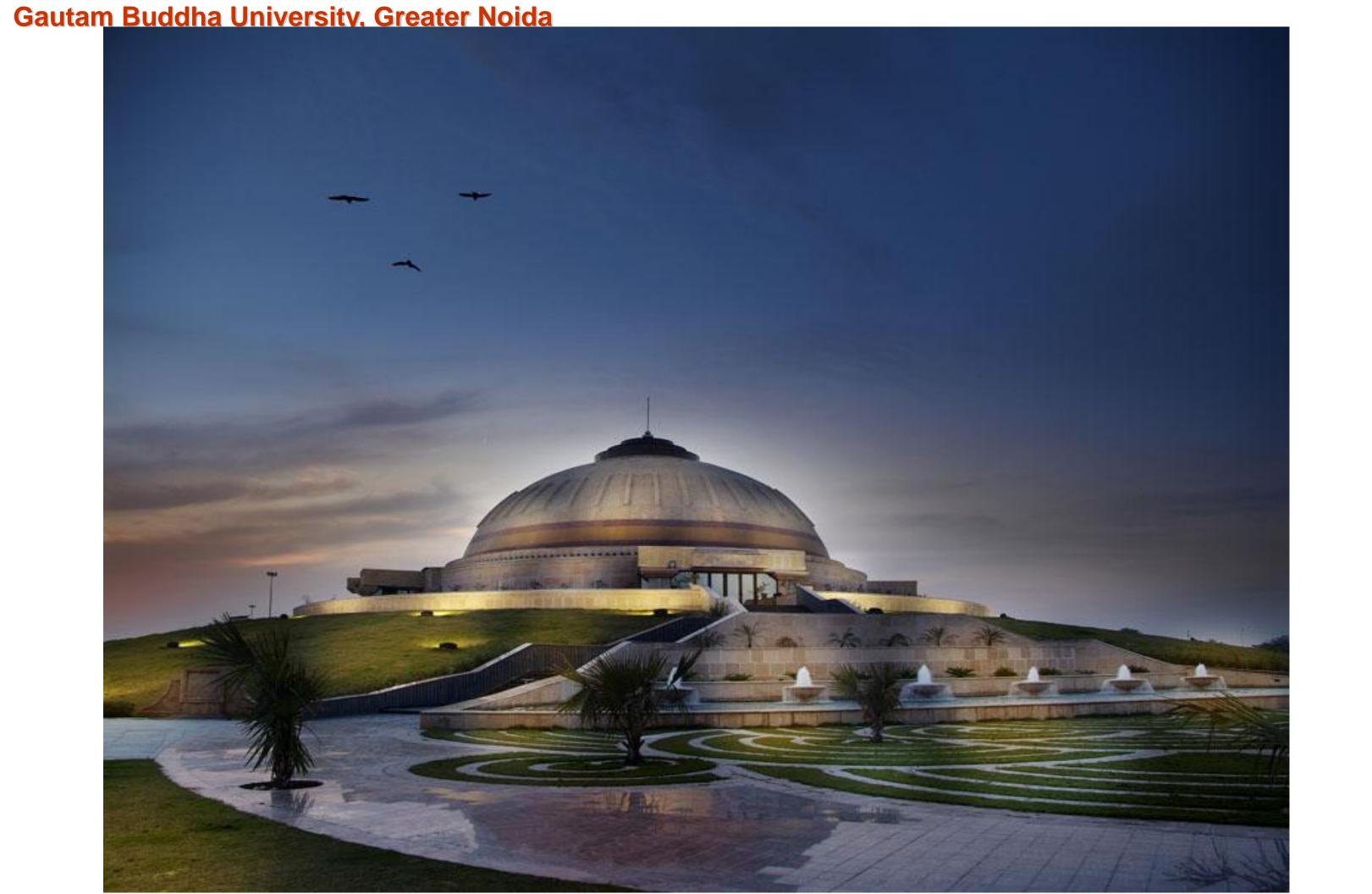
AERIAL VIEW







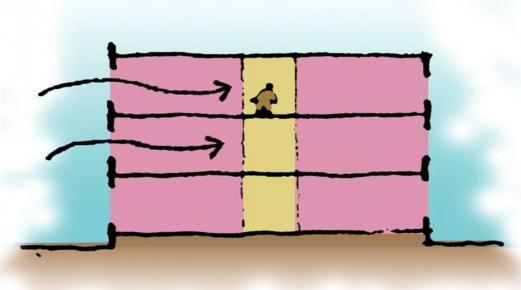




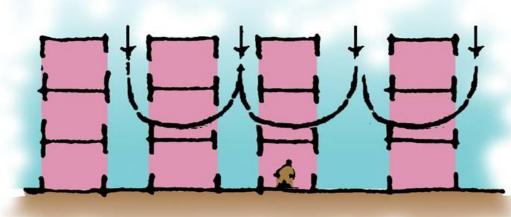


Bihar Police Academy, Rajgir

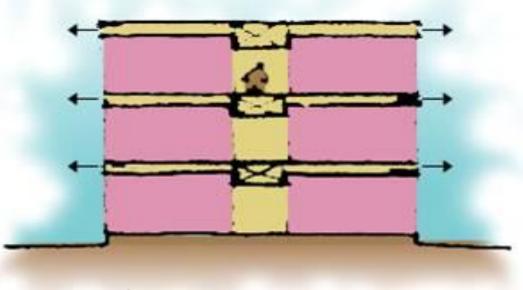




1. HORIZONTAL VENTILATION



2. VERTICAL VENTILATION



3. VERTICAL VENTILATION

BIHAR POLICE ACADEMY

GREEN BUILDING FEATURES

The campus is being planned as a Green campus with the aim to obtain GRIHA 4/5 star rating and incorporates a host of green building features and innovations such as:

Sustainable Site Planning: This involves the use and integration of the existing site features, vegetation and passive solar techniques into the master plan design, to preserve and protect landscape and top soil during construction, to minimize site disturbance and air/noise/soil/water pollution during construction, minimize road/paved/parking area for on-site circulation efficiency, efficient planning of utilities, etc.

Efficient Utilization of Resources and Energy

Conservation: To maximize resource
conservation and to enhance efficiency of the
planned systems/design by:

Reducing Water requirement/consumption by use of native species, drip irrigation techniques, etc. to reduce landscape water demand, efficient water use during construction and use of low-flow fixtures to efficiently reduce human water consumption.

RAIN/ LAKE WATER TUBEWELL / ___ MUNICIPAL WATER SOURCE OF WATER SOURCE OF WATER UBEWELL / MUNICIPAL STP RECYCLED WATER SUPPL TO THE MAIN SEWER DOMESTIC GARDENING FLUSHING SEWAGE SEWAGE SEWAGE FLOW FLOW FLOW AR BLOWER Cleaning pump Air Blower Cleaning tank Suction Screen EQUALIZATION TANK pump... Equalization tank TREATED WATER TANK Aeration basin Treated water Schematic water balance To sludge holding diagram

BIHAR POLICE ACADEMY

GREEN BUILDING FEATURES

Optimizing building design to reduce conventional energy demand, by maximising availability of natural daylight and efficient planning of artificial lighting.

izing building design to reduce conventional energy lemand, within specified comfort limits.

nergy materials: Use of low energy materials, use of y ash and use of efficient systems.

vable Energy Systems: Use of renewable energy ystems, like solar power, solar heating systems, wind lower etc. to reduce conventional energy demand. r conservation thru Recycle, Recharge and Reuse: To naximize water conservation, all used water is being ecycled through Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) and leing reused for irrigation and flushing purposes. Rain vater is collected and used for ground water echarging.

Management: It is proposed to minimize waste peneration during construction, maximize resource ecovery from waste through efficient segregation and ecycling measures, generation of energy from biolegradable waste, etc.

nand Well being: It is proposed to use Low VOC paints, adhesives and sealants, minimize use of Ozone depleting substances, ensure water quality as/IS standards, maintain outdoor noise levels within acceptable limits, make the campus accessible and user friendly for the physically challenged and disabled, etc. to ensure healthy indoor air quality, water quality and noise levels.

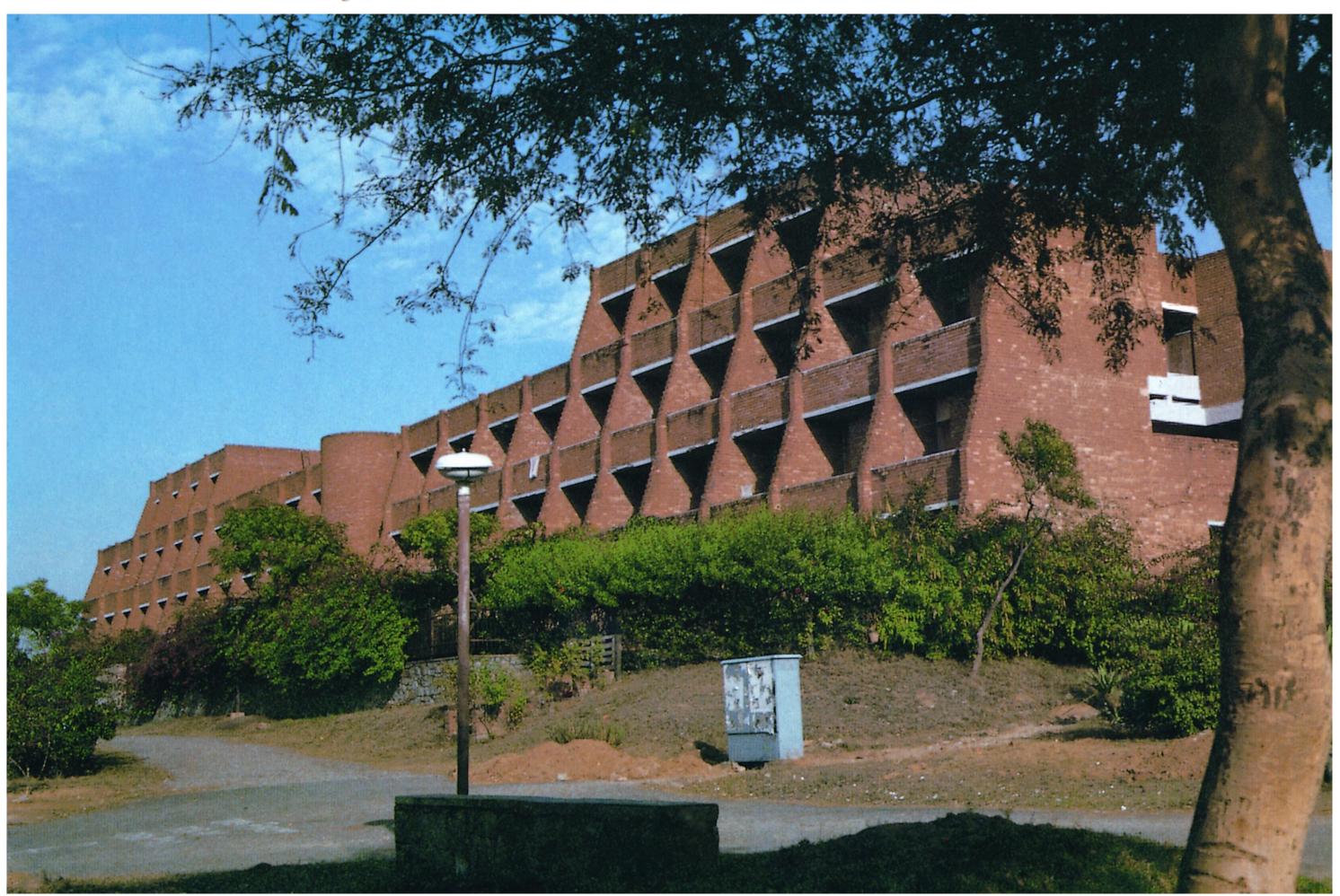
Jawahar Lal Nehru University, Delhi



Jawahar Lal Nehru University, Delhi



Jawahar Lal Nehru University, Delhi





Indian Institute Of Management, Lucknow





PATHWAYS WORLD CAMPUS, GURGAON (Selected as best institutional designs in the world in New York)

