











Mature European Cities (19 th and mid 20 th century)	Post colonial Indian City (Late 20 th – 21 st Century)
Central business district critical	Multiple business districts, cities within cities
Public transport (mainly rail) before cars	Motorcycles, inexpensive comfortable cars challenge role of public transport
Manual labour in factories	Service and informal sector
Car movement & speed concerns dominate	Safety, climate change & pollution
Management by mechanical systems	Internet & ITS









- Increase in built-up area: 632%
- Decrease in water bodies: 79%

• Vegetation decreased by 32% from 1973-1992, 38% from 1992-2002 and by 63% from 2002 -2009; loss of valuable agricultural and eco-sensitive lands.

· Increasing temperatures and urban heat island effect

□ Bangalore at a glance.....





Bangalore's ambient air quality is under threat



Uncontrolled Development is a Death Trap for Cities

Threatens cities and regions



Ephesus, 2nd biggest city in Roman empire, abandoned in 1000AD..



Babylon the greatest city of the ancient world for 2300 years – collapsed in 140 BC.



Vision of the	Vision of the
last century	next century
 Heavy infrastructure Fly overs Under passes Wide roads Drawbacks Resource wastage NO feed back Costly Unsustainable Car centered 	 Soft infrastructure Public transport – more buses, surface trains, metro, LRT Bicycle sharing, pedestrian facilities Car Sharing Intelligent Transport systems Advantages Uses mobile technology Resource optimization Resource tracking Resource utilization estimate Intelligent and feedback based







What is GREEN URBANISM



Ten Principles – a holistic approach to sustainability



Zero Carbon * (construction practices) Zero Waste * (construction waste segregation) Sustainable Transport bcal & Sustainable Materials * (selection of materials) Local & Sustainable Food Local & Sustainable Water * (minimising use) Natural Habitats & Wildlife * (protecting environment) Culture & Heritage * (respecting local design) Equity & Fair Trade * (treatment of workers) Health & Happiness * (finished building)

Features of GREEN URBANISIV

- **1. The Renewable Energy City**
- 2. The Bio-Regional Carbon Neutral City
- 3. The Biophilic City
- 4. The Distributed City
- 5. The Eco-Efficient City
- 6. The Place Based City
- 7. The Sustainable Transport City

All 7 of them overlap and compliment each other . No single city achieved it all but few cities made advance progress: Singapore/Europe/Australia/ US/Canada/ of late China & UAE

Source: Peter & Annie, CUSP 2012







Masdar City – first zero carbon city



Masdar City

World's first zero-carbon & zero waste city 6 square km walled plan 17km E/SE Abu Dhabi in UAE Initiated 2006, will take 8 years to build, Phase 1 ready by April 2010 Cost US\$22 billion Population when completed: 50,000 1500 Businesses in eco tech World class research environment focused on alternative energy, sustainability, and the environment in partnership with MIT (MIST)

Energy

Step 1: 40-60MW Solar PV plant to power all construction Eventually 130MW Solar 20MW Wind Geothermal heat pumps for cooling Smart Grid

Solar Desalination Plant

80% of water recycled Greywater used for irrigation

Green Building designs

Zero waste Biological →

soil and fertilizer

Plastics and Metals → recycled













2. The CARBON NEUTRAL CITY



Carbon neutral businesses... Bioregional offsets a chance to regenerate bioregion Existing Building practices generally ignore the finely grained concerns of a carbon footprint, even if they have addressed "green" elements or environmental permitting



24 June 2009

Bed Zed – first carbon neutral development in

UK. All urban development must be C-neutral by 2016.





Singapore?

Greening city... how much carbon is being offset?

Bioregional opportunities to regenerate rain forest with offsets – leadership needed, especially on accreditation and management.

Singapore Port – world's first carbon neutral port?

Singapore tourism – carbon neutral?



300 green roofs in Chicago to reduce urban heat island effect, reduce energy and recycle water...



Carbon in Buildings

dcarbon8

50 % of global emissions

Operational Carbon Energy Systems Heating, refrigeration, lighting, ventilation, etc..

Embodied Energy Building Materials in Supply Chain Raw materials, manufacture, transport to site, maintenance, end of use

24 June 2009



Low Carbon Mobility Strategy

Comparison between CMP and LCMP aims

СМР	LCMP
Projects to meet present and future mobility demand	Strategies to reduce emissions from transport without compromising the mobility needs
Achieve desirable development goal depends on the objectives set by the responsible authority	Desirable development goal is to reduce travel demand by motorized transport







Dubai Metro

First Metro in the Middle East region and largest driverless train in the world 75 km along the linear city (in 2 parts, Red and Green Lines) – aim to eventually link in to Abu Dhabi US\$11 billion Carrying 50,000 per day in first few months 47 stations. Only 1/3rd opened New green line almost completed LRT being built also to link

Dubai Metro

Fully air conditioned in carriages, stations and footbridges Stations have food outlets, ATMs, dry cleaning services and other retail outlets Wireless internet in stations and trains Smart card ticketing - multi-modal. Three class carriages – gold, women and children and silver.

Mitsubishi trains and Serco operator.















greening the city of singapore began with former prime minister lee kuan yew nearly 50 years ago with his concept of a 'garden city'



he identified a green singapore as a key competitive factor in attracting foreign investment to the country





the skyrise greenery incentive scheme reinburses half the cost of green wall and green roof installation

CORPORATE BUSINESS HOUSE













3 'healing power of greenery'















4 'loving plants'













4. Distributed City – local water, energy and waste systems Sydney Green







Singapore?

Basic form of Singapore is polycentric so it is easily built using distributed technology Requires a change in approach to enable it to be mainstreamed and governance to be worked out...

Singapore the Distributed City of Asia?

5. Eco Efficient City

Factor 4 – 10 efficiencies... Industrial ecology



6. Place Based Cities

Place stories bring the people dimension alive. Layered memories

Place stories are a major contribution to sustainability as they integrate the social to the environmental and the economic.































7. Sustainable transport

Reducing VKT and growing quality transit Building city around transit Facilitating pedestrians and cycling Building renewable transport around plug-in electric vehicles

SOLUTION TO TRAFFIC PROBLEM

- Improved Mobility of 'People' rather than 'Automobiles' should be the principle to reduce the traffic problem in urban areas
- Goal shall be to increase the modal share of public transport system to 70% or double it by 2020"



More MRT needed fast... and buses to meet them.

















RENEWABLES STORAGE PROBLEM SOLVED!

Al Gore's moon shot:

Smart Grid + Plug-in EVs + Renewables



Electric vehicles help make a renewable city...













Impassioned pleas for safer, greener cities Vancouver, 22 June, 2006 –Mr. Enrique Peñalosa, the former Mayor of Bogotá, Colombia, drew a standing ovation at the plenary of the Third Session of the World Urban Forum on Thursday when said cities would save a lot of money if the use of cars was restricted or even banned during peak hours. > read more



"Your descendants shall gather your fruits."



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