

Administration Building for GAIL Compressor Station

| Location | : Chhainsa, Faridabad, Haryana |
|---|---|
| Site area | : 11161 m ² |
| Built-up area | : 2511 m ² |
| Air-conditioned area | : 801 m ² |
| Energy consumption reduction | : 20.30% reduction in energy consumption compared to GRIHA benchmark |
| EPI | : 66.95 KWh/ m2/year |
| Renewable Energy | : Rated capacity of solar PV installed on site is 4 KWp |
| GRIHA provisional rating | : 4 stars |
| Year of completion | : 2013 |
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The following strategies were adopted to reduce the building impact on the natural environment:

Sustainable site planning:

- · Top soil was preserved during the construction period and re-used for landscaping.
- · Construction activities were confined to pre-designated areas.
- Construction activities were planned such that the excavation did not take place during monsoon to prevent soil erosion and soil runoff from the site.
- · Dust screens were provided around construction area to prevent air pollution
- · Hard paving was minimized and the net paved area was only 18.83% of the total site area.
- · Only native plant species have been used for landscaping.

Reducing water consumption:

- Around 68.8% of building water consumption was reduced by using low-flow fixtures.
- · Water consumption during construction was reduced.
- Around 40.67% reduction of landscape water consumption was reduced by planting native species of trees and shrubs and by using efficient irrigation systems.
- Waste-water was treated and re-used for landscape water requirement.
- Reducing energy consumption (compared to GRIHA benchmarks) while maintaining occupant comfort:
 - o For achieving visual comfort:
 - Window wall ratio (WWR) is limited to 30% for optimal day lighting in the internal spaces.
 - Energy efficient artificial lighting design is compliant with ECBC recommendations.
 - External shading devices and efficient glazing have been installed to reduce solar heat gain and enable glare-free daylight.

o For achieving thermal comfort:

- Building envelope is ECBC compliant and helps in reducing the load in AC spaces and meets thermal comfort levels in non-AC spaces.
- ECBC compliant energy efficient variable speed centrifugal chillers of rated capacity 34TR are installed in the building.
- Lux and occupancy sensor-based controls are installed to reduce the energy consumption.

Renewable energy technologies installed on site:

- Solar panels have been mounted on the roof. Installed capacity of solar energy to meet space conditioning and internal artificial lighting loads: 4 KWp.
- · Solar street lights have been installed.

Use of low energy materials:

- Around 70% low energy material in flooring and 88.97% low energy material in doors and windows have been used in the building.
- Use of flyash bricks in the walling system.
- Around 30% OPC by weight is replaced with flyash in the structural concrete.
- · Around 30% OPC is replaced by flyash for masonry and plaster mortar.

Integrated Design Team:

Client Project Coordinator

Principal Architect Landscape Architect Project Management Consultant Structural Consultant Electrical Consultant Green Building Design and Certification Green Bldg Consultant HVAC Consultant Structural Consultant Electrical Department Mr Satish Geda, GAIL (India) Ltd, New Delhi
Mr Satish Geda, GAIL (India) Ltd, New Delhi
Mr H K Malhotra (Projects), Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
Mr Snigdho Majumdar, Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
Ms Sumedha, Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
Mr H K Malhotra (Projects) Dept1), Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
Structure Department, Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
Electrical Department, Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
Architecture Department, Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
Architecture Department, Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
Anish Mahala, Architecture Department, EIL
Ajaz Ahmed, PED, EIL
PK Gupta, Structures Department, EIL
Ms. Rashmi Singh, Electrical Department, EIL