



# Sona College of Technology – Sona Sigma block

<b>Location</b>	: Salem, Tamil Nadu
<b>Built up area</b>	: 3,382 m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Air-conditioned Area</b>	: 2,613 m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Non Air-conditioned Area</b>	: 769 m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Energy Consumption Reduction</b>	: 55.79 % reduction in energy consumption compared to GRIHA benchmark
<b>EPI</b>	: 61.89 KWh/ m <sup>2</sup> /year
<b>Renewable Energy</b>	: Rated capacity of solar PV installed on site is 10 KW
<b>GRIHA provisional rating</b>	: 5 Stars
<b>Year of completion</b>	: 2014

The following strategies were adopted to reduce the building impact on the natural environment:



## **Sustainable Site Planning**

- Efficient site planning considering the existing site features with minimal hardscape and also integrated utility corridors along the pathway.
- Preservation and protection of landscape during construction.
- Conservation and efficient utilization of resources such as building materials and water during construction by proper planning of construction schedule and adopting appropriate technologies.



## **Reducing water consumption**

- 64.27 % reduction in water by using water efficient fixtures.
- 100 % of generated waste water is treated onsite and reused for irrigation
- Efforts to reduce minimization of construction water requirement are adopted during construction.



## **Reducing energy consumption (compared to GRIHA benchmarks) while maintaining occupant comfort.**

Building has been oriented in best manner based on sun path analysis and detailed site study

o For achieving visual comfort:

- Natural daylight is brought to the interior space through fenestrations such as windows and roof lights to the possible extent and also provided with necessary shading device to prevent glare.
- The shading device for all the non-ac area are designed to provide 100% shading through the year
- Artificial lighting design is done inline with NBC recommendation & hence over illumination is avoided.

o For achieving thermal comfort:

- ECBC compliant Building envelope design with Energy Efficient Glass which permits minimal heat but allows light is used to minimize the ac load.
- Direct evaporative cooling methodology is adopted for air-conditioning of most of the spaces which is an efficient technology.
- Exterior roof has been provided with insulation and the exposed roof surfaces are provided with reflective finish [White tiles].



## **Renewable energy technologies installed on site**

- Installed 10KW of solar panels to cater the need of 30% of internal lighting and 1% external lighting & HVAC load.



## **Use of low energy materials**

- High grade steel & concrete has been adopted to optimize the embodied energy of the materials used in structural concrete
- Materials with recycle content such as flyash brick are used for block work
- Regionally available materials such as athangudi tiles are used in the Project
- All the paints, adhesives & sealants used in the Project are of Low VOC products.

## **Integrated Design Team**

Client	: Sona College of Technology
Principal Architect	: M/s Kadri consultants Pvt Ltd
Landscape Architect	: M/s Kadri consultants Pvt Ltd
Structural Consultant	: Sona college -Civil Department
Electrical Consultant	: Sona college - Electrical Department
HVAC consultant	: M/s Airtion Consulting Engineers Pvt Ltd
Plumbing consultant	: Mr.A.K.Nagabhushana
Green Building Design and Certification	: En3 Sustainability Solutions Pvt Ltd.